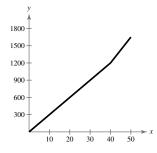
## Functions and Their Graphs Answers

**1.** a.  $E(x) = \begin{cases} 30x, & 0 \le x \le 40\\ 45x - 600, & 40 < x \le 50 \end{cases}$ ;

Yes; When  $0 \le x \le 40$ , 30x is of the form kx.



- **b.** E(35) = \$1050; E(50) = \$1650
- **c.**  $0 \le x \le 40$ : m = 30; You earn \$30 for each hour worked;  $40 < x \le 50$ : m = 45; You earn \$45 for each hour worked.
- **d.** Both the *x*-intercept and the *y*-intercept are 0, so there are no earnings for no work.



- **2.** a. d(x) = 85x + 95 is the total untaxed cost of x tons of salt and delivery.
  - **b.** c(x) = 1.07x
  - **c.**  $(d \circ c)(x) = 85(1.07x) + 95 = 90.95 + 95$ ; The cost of x tons of salt taxed at 7% plus the cost of untaxed delivery;  $(c \circ d)(x) = 1.07(85x + 95) = 90.95x + 101.65$ ; The total cost of x tons of salt plus the cost of delivery, all taxed at 7%
  - d. \$1277.35
- 3. a. The graphs seem to show that similar patterns are expected as last year, but 4 weeks later; P(x) = F(x - 4)
  - **b.** *P* is increasing on the interval (0, 8), constant on the interval (8, 12), decreasing on the interval (12, 20).
  - **c.** The midpoint is (20, 12,500); Revenues are projected to be \$12,500 in the 20th week after the first full week in October.
- **4.** -\$6200/1 yr; f(x) = 60,000 6200x;  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{60,000 x}{6200}$ ;  $f^{-1}(35,200) = 4$ , so the value of the truck is \$35,200 after 4 years.